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# **dwave-neal Documentation**

*Release 0.5.3*

**D-Wave Systems Inc**

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An implementation of a simulated annealing sampler.



# CHAPTER 1

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## Example Usage

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```
import neal

sampler = neal.SimulatedAnnealingSampler()

h = {0: -1, 1: -1}
J = {(0, 1): -1}
response = sampler.sample_ising(h, J)
```





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**Note:** This documentation is for the latest version of [dwave-neal](#). Documentation for the version currently installed by [dwave-ocean-sdk](#) is here: [dwave-neal](#).

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## 2.1 Introduction

*Samplers* are processes that sample from low energy states of a problem's objective function. A binary quadratic model (BQM) [sampler](#) samples from low energy states in models such as those defined by an [Ising](#) equation or a Quadratic Unconstrained Binary Optimization (QUBO) problem and returns an iterable of samples, in order of increasing energy. A [dimod](#) sampler provides 'sample\_qubo' and 'sample\_ising' methods as well as the generic BQM sampler method.

The `SimulatedAnnealingSampler` sampler implements the simulated annealing algorithm, based on the technique of cooling metal from a high temperature to improve its structure (annealing). This algorithm often finds good solutions to hard optimization problems.

## 2.2 Reference Documentation

**Release** 0.5.3

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### 2.2.1 Simulated Annealing Sampler

A [dimod sampler](#) that uses the simulated annealing algorithm.

## Class

### class `SimulatedAnnealingSampler`

Simulated annealing sampler.

Also aliased as `Neal`.

## Examples

This example solves a simple Ising problem.

```
>>> import neal
>>> sampler = neal.SimulatedAnnealingSampler()
>>> h = {'a': 0.0, 'b': 0.0, 'c': 0.0}
>>> J = {('a', 'b'): 1.0, ('b', 'c'): 1.0, ('a', 'c'): 1.0}
>>> response = sampler.sample_ising(h, J)
>>> for sample in response: # doctest: +SKIP
...     print(sample)
... {'a': -1, 'b': 1, 'c': -1}
... {'a': -1, 'b': 1, 'c': 1}
... {'a': 1, 'b': 1, 'c': -1}
... {'a': 1, 'b': -1, 'c': -1}
... {'a': 1, 'b': -1, 'c': -1}
... {'a': 1, 'b': -1, 'c': -1}
... {'a': -1, 'b': 1, 'c': 1}
... {'a': 1, 'b': 1, 'c': -1}
... {'a': -1, 'b': -1, 'c': 1}
... {'a': -1, 'b': 1, 'c': 1}
```

## Sampler Properties

---

|                                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|---------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>SimulatedAnnealingSampler.properties</code> | A dict containing any additional information about the sampler.                                                                                                                                     |
| <code>SimulatedAnnealingSampler.parameters</code> | A dict where keys are the keyword parameters accepted by the sampler methods (allowed kwargs) and values are lists of <code>SimulatedAnnealingSampler.properties</code> relevant to each parameter. |

---

### `neal.sampler.SimulatedAnnealingSampler.properties`

`SimulatedAnnealingSampler.properties = None`

A dict containing any additional information about the sampler.

## Examples

This example looks at the values set for a sampler property.

```
>>> import neal
>>> sampler = neal.SimulatedAnnealingSampler()
>>> sampler.properties['beta_schedule_options']
('linear', 'geometric')
```

Type dict

## neal.sampler.SimulatedAnnealingSampler.parameters

`SimulatedAnnealingSampler.parameters = None`

A dict where keys are the keyword parameters accepted by the sampler methods (allowed kwargs) and values are lists of `SimulatedAnnealingSampler.properties` relevant to each parameter.

See `SimulatedAnnealingSampler.sample()` for a description of the parameters.

### Examples

This example looks at a sampler's parameters and some of their values.

```
>>> import neal
>>> sampler = neal.SimulatedAnnealingSampler()
>>> for kwarg in sorted(sampler.parameters):
...     print(kwarg)
beta_range
beta_schedule_type
num_reads
seed
num_sweeps
>>> sampler.parameters['beta_range']
[]
>>> sampler.parameters['beta_schedule_type']
['beta_schedule_options']
```

Type dict

## Methods

|                                                                |                                                                          |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <code>SimulatedAnnealingSampler.sample(bqm[, ...])</code>      | Sample from a binary quadratic model using an implemented sample method. |
| <code>SimulatedAnnealingSampler.sample_ising(h, J, ...)</code> | Sample from an Ising model using the implemented sample method.          |
| <code>SimulatedAnnealingSampler.sample_qubo(Q, ...)</code>     | Sample from a QUBO using the implemented sample method.                  |

## neal.sampler.SimulatedAnnealingSampler.sample

`SimulatedAnnealingSampler.sample(bqm, beta_range=None, num_reads=None, num_sweeps=1000, beta_schedule_type='geometric', seed=None, interrupt_function=None, initial_states=None, initial_states_generator='random', **kwargs)`

Sample from a binary quadratic model using an implemented sample method.

### Parameters

- **bqm** (`dimod.BinaryQuadraticModel`) – The binary quadratic model to be sampled.
- **beta\_range** (`tuple`, *optional*) – A 2-tuple defining the beginning and end of the beta schedule, where beta is the inverse temperature. The schedule is applied linearly in

beta. Default range is set based on the total bias associated with each node.

- **num\_reads** (*int, optional, default=len(initial\_states) or 1*) – Number of reads. Each read is generated by one run of the simulated annealing algorithm. If *num\_reads* is not explicitly given, it is selected to match the number of initial states given. If initial states are not provided, only one read is performed.
- **num\_sweeps** (*int, optional, default=1000*) – Number of sweeps or steps.
- **beta\_schedule\_type** (*string, optional, default='geometric'*) – Beta schedule type, or how the beta values are interpolated between the given ‘beta\_range’. Supported values are:
  - linear
  - geometric
- **seed** (*int, optional*) – Seed to use for the PRNG. Specifying a particular seed with a constant set of parameters produces identical results. If not provided, a random seed is chosen.
- **initial\_states** (*dimod.SampleSet or tuple(numpy.ndarray, dict), optional*) – One or more samples, each defining an initial state for all the problem variables. Initial states are given one per read, but if fewer than *num\_reads* initial states are defined, additional values are generated as specified by *initial\_states\_generator*.

Initial states are provided either as:

- `dimod.SampleSet`, or
- [deprecated] tuple, where the first value is a numpy array of initial states to seed the simulated annealing runs, and the second is a dict defining a linear variable labelling. In tuple format, initial states provided are assumed to use the same vartype the BQM is using.
- **initial\_states\_generator** (*str, 'none'/'tile'/'random', optional, default='random'*) – Defines the expansion of *initial\_states* if fewer than *num\_reads* are specified:
  - **“none”**: If the number of initial states specified is smaller than *num\_reads*, raises `ValueError`.
  - **“tile”**: Reuses the specified initial states if fewer than *num\_reads* or truncates if greater.
  - **“random”**: Expands the specified initial states with randomly generated states if fewer than *num\_reads* or truncates if greater.
- **interrupt\_function** (*function, optional*) – If provided, *interrupt\_function* is called with no parameters between each sample of simulated annealing. If the function returns `True`, then simulated annealing will terminate and return with all of the samples and energies found so far.

**Returns** A *dimod* Response object.

**Return type** `dimod.Response`

## Examples

This example runs simulated annealing on a binary quadratic model with some different input parameters.

```

>>> import dimod
>>> import neal
...
>>> sampler = neal.SimulatedAnnealingSampler()
>>> bqm = dimod.BinaryQuadraticModel({'a': .5, 'b': -.5}, {'(a', 'b)': -1}, 0.0,
↳dimod.SPIN)
>>> # Run with default parameters
>>> response = sampler.sample(bqm)
>>> # Run with specified parameters
>>> response = sampler.sample(bqm, seed=1234, beta_range=[0.1, 4.2],
...                               num_reads=1, num_sweeps=20,
...                               beta_schedule_type='geometric')
>>> # Reuse a seed
>>> a1 = next((sampler.sample(bqm, seed=88)).samples())['a']
>>> a2 = next((sampler.sample(bqm, seed=88)).samples())['a']
>>> a1 == a2
True

```

### neal.sampler.SimulatedAnnealingSampler.sample\_ising

`SimulatedAnnealingSampler.sample_ising(h, J, **parameters)`

Sample from an Ising model using the implemented sample method.

This method is inherited from the `Sampler` base class.

Converts the Ising model into a `BinaryQuadraticModel` and then calls `sample()`.

#### Parameters

- **h** (*dict/list*) – Linear biases of the Ising problem. If a dict, should be of the form  $\{v: bias, \dots\}$  where  $v$  is a spin-valued variable and  $bias$  is its associated bias. If a list, it is treated as a list of biases where the indices are the variable labels.
- **J** (*dict[(variable, variable), bias]*) – Quadratic biases of the Ising problem.
- **\*\*kwargs** – See the implemented sampling for additional keyword definitions.

**Returns** `SampleSet`

#### See also:

`sample()`, `sample_qubo()`

### neal.sampler.SimulatedAnnealingSampler.sample\_qubo

`SimulatedAnnealingSampler.sample_qubo(Q, **parameters)`

Sample from a QUBO using the implemented sample method.

This method is inherited from the `Sampler` base class.

Converts the QUBO into a `BinaryQuadraticModel` and then calls `sample()`.

#### Parameters

- **Q** (*dict*) – Coefficients of a quadratic unconstrained binary optimization (QUBO) problem. Should be a dict of the form  $\{(u, v): bias, \dots\}$  where  $u, v$ , are binary-valued variables and  $bias$  is their associated coefficient.

- **\*\*kwargs** – See the implemented sampling for additional keyword definitions.

**Returns** SampleSet

**See also:**

`sample()`, `sample_ising()`

## Alias

### Neal

alias of `neal.sampler.SimulatedAnnealingSampler`

## 2.3 Installation

To install:

```
pip install dwave-neal
```

To build from source:

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
python setup.py build_ext --inplace
python setup.py install
```

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Version 2.0, January 2004

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## CHAPTER 3

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